

<b>Method:</b> <b>ACRN-8</b> Revision:         5   Final Revision Date: 04/16/03	<b>Acrylonitrile Specification Tests</b>	<b>INEOS Nitriles</b>
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## METHOD SUMMARY

This procedure allows determination of copper in acrylonitrile by heated graphite atomizer atomic absorption spectrophotometry. The detection limit is 0.01 ppmw for copper. For the range 0.01 to 0.1 ppm, the repeatability is 0.01 ppm.

## SAFETY

Acrylonitrile is hazardous to the health and dangerous to handle. Use acrylonitrile in a well ventilated hood. Review the MSDS for detailed information concerning toxicity, first aid procedures and safety precautions.

Refer to the appropriate safety section or site manual for the necessary protective equipment to use when handling any reagents or samples.

## REFERENCES

STM C-14 (SOHIO Test Method), "Copper in Acrylonitrile" 1976.

## INTERFERENCES

There are no known interferences to this method.

## APPARATUS AND REAGENTS

- 1000 ppm Copper reference solution** (JY-Spex Industries, Fisher SC194-100, or equivalent)

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2.     **Methanol** (Reagent grade)
3.     **Acrylonitrile** containing less than 5 ppb of copper
4.     **Polyethylene bottles**, one-ounce, washed with 1:1 nitric acid, rinsed with deionized water and air dried.
5.     **Disposable pipettes** or medicine droppers
6.     **Micropipet and tips** for dispensing 20.0 microliter aliquots
7.     **Atomic absorption spectrophotometer** equipped with heated graphite atomizer
8.     **Hollow cathode lamps** for copper
9.     **Top-loading balance** with sensitivity and accuracy better than 0.01 gram.

## CALIBRATION

### Preparation of Standards

50 ppm stock solution -- Transfer 5.00 grams of the 1000 ppm copper solution to a dry four-ounce polyethylene bottle. Dilute to 100 grams with methanol.

2.5 ppm stock solution -- Transfer 1.00 grams of the 50 ppm stock solution to a dry one-ounce bottle. Dilute to 20.0 grams with metal-free acrylonitrile.

100 ppb working standard -- Transfer 0.80 grams of the 2.5 ppm working solution to a dry four ounce bottle. Dilute to 20.0 grams with metal-free acrylonitrile. This solution is also used to spike samples to verify absence of interferences.

50 ppb working standard -- Transfer 10.00 grams of the 100 ppb solution to a dry one-ounce bottle and dilute to 20.00 grams with metal-free acrylonitrile.

25 ppb working standard -- Transfer 10.00 grams of the 50 ppb solution to a dry one-ounce polyethylene bottle and dilute to 20.00 grams with metal-free acrylonitrile.

## PROCEDURE

1.     Set up instrument according to manufacturer's recommendation or operator's previous experience. Install copper hollow cathode lamp and align. Set monochromator to select copper line at 324.7 nm.
2.     Set temperatures on the furnace to 100 °C for drying, 900 °C for charring, 2100 °C for atomization and 3000 °C for cleaning. Drying time should be 20

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seconds, ashing time 15 seconds, and atomization and cleaning times 5 seconds each.

3. Prepare a calibration curve by injecting 20 microliter aliquots of working standard solutions in ascending order of concentration (i.e. blank, 25, 50, and 100 ppb) to prepare a calibration curve. Each solution should be injected at least three times to assure accuracy; additional injections may be employed to improve precision.
4. After calibration, inject and analyze at least two blanks to assure that baseline is stable. Results should be between - 10 and + 10 ppb.
5. Analyze duplicate portions of the 25 ppb standard to check accuracy. Results should be between 15 and 35 ppb.
6. Analyze samples as received by injecting 20 microliter aliquots. At least two aliquots of each sample should be used to assure accuracy. Values should agree to within  $\pm 10$  ppb of mean; if not, repeat until standard deviation of <10 ppb is achieved.
7. After every fifth sample, analyze a blank and a standard to assure that calibration is stable. Results should agree to within 10 ppb of nominal value.
8. Prepare spiked samples at a frequency of 10% by weighing 9.00 grams of sample into a dry one-ounce bottle and adding 1.00 gram of the 100 part per billion working standard. Analyze spikes by same procedure as samples. Spike recovery should be between 8 and 12 ppb

## CALCULATIONS

Calculations are very straight-forward. Results are obtained directly from the calibration curve. If any sample is found to contain more than 100 ppbw, dilute with metal free acrylonitrile and repeat the analysis.

Spike recoveries are typically between 80 and 120 %

Duplicate injection should agree within 10 ppb or better.

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Detection limit is 10 ppbw for copper. It may be improved by increasing the atomizing temperature and/or increasing sample size.

## REPORT

Report copper concentration to the nearest 0.01 ppmw.

copper, ppmw = 0.03